

PRogramming Fundamentals

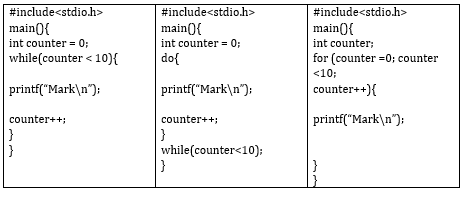
# Lab Assignment #7

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## Roll Number: 21K-3584

***Question #1)***

Mark, who is a freshman in BS Computer Science at FAST National University and enrolled in Programming Fundamentals course got confused with a looping scenario, where he had to print his name 10 times, and he was free to choose any of the loops (for, while and do while). He made the program using all of the loops as mentioned below:



After compiling these three you have to report the observations. Furthermore, as a cooperative and helping colleague, you have to suggest mark that which loop is ideal for this scenario and tell him about the other two loops and specify the scenarios also.

Answer 1)

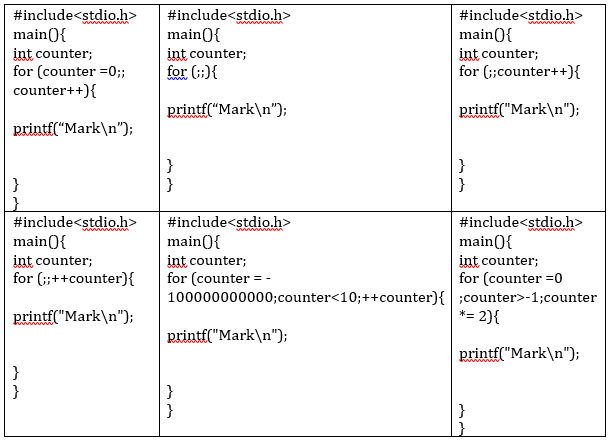
1. In the first code, while loop was used which resulted in mark’s name being printed 10 times.
2. In the second code, do-while was used which also resulted in mark’s name being printed 10 times.
3. In the third code, for loop was used and also resulted in mark’s name being printed 10 times.

Conclusion: What I suggest mark, is that he should use while loop because to print a name 10 times or n number of times, it is the most simplest loop and requires less line of codes than for loop or do-while loop.

Question #2

Jenny Sparks, another fellow of yours made the program for the same scenario. The code is mentioned below. Her, output was stuck in an infinite loop, can you identify the mistake in each of the following solutions and at the end, you need to propose a final solutions which is free of any problems.

**Note: Go for one line answers of each and at the end propose the final solution.**

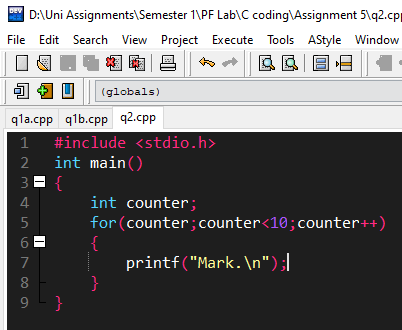
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Answer 2)

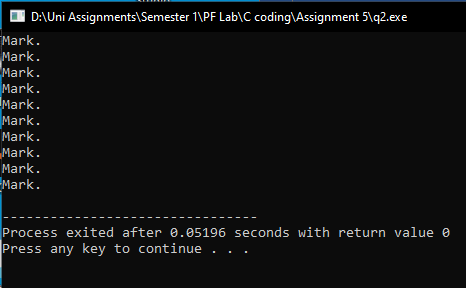
In the above code that Jenny has written, she has made numerous mistakes which I like to point out:

1. She forgot to add a range inside the for loop.
2. She provided no declaration, increment and range inside the for loop.
3. She only wrote the increment inside the for loop.
4. She set the counter value to -100000000 and set the range to <10 and increment by +1. This caused the loop to run 1000000010 times.
5. She set the counter to 0 with range less than 0, the Increment is counter\*2 which means 0\*2. Hence, resulting in an infinite loop.

My Code:



Output:



Question #3

**QUESTION# 03**

**This Task especially because you guys are doing BS in Cyber Security.**

In previous lab we had a lab task which was related to cryptography, you have to do this same task using any loop of your choice. Read the modified statement.

**Note: This time don’t use switch statement.**

**Hint:**

**int a = 65;**

**char b = char(a);// in your case if its zero add 65 to it and cast it to character.**

**Now b becomes A.**

Alice and Bob want to exchange the N (Would be asked from user from command line)- digits message on the internet, but they want to ensure the security. They went to a cyber security specialist Edwin for the solution. Edwin listened to the requirement of the clients and proposed a scheme for cryptography, which is first of all the algorithm would reverse the message, after reverting the message, it would determine an alphabetic character against the digit. For example for 0 it would be A, for 1 it would be B, for 2 it would be C, for Z it would be 25.

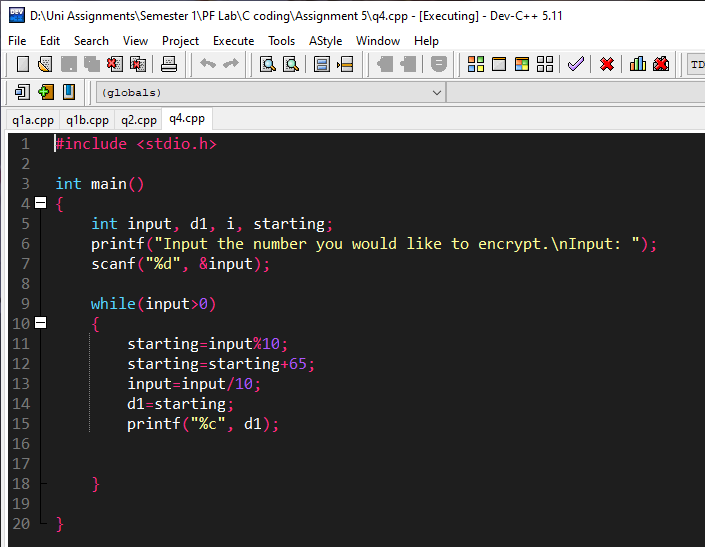
Write a code in C for the above cryptographic algorithm using loops in C for Edwin.

The samples are like:

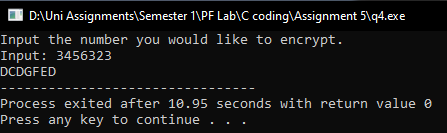
|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Input String | Cypher Text |
| 1546 | GEFB |
| 7777 | HHHH |
| 5555 | FFFF |
| 1234 | EDCB |

Answer 3)

Source Code:



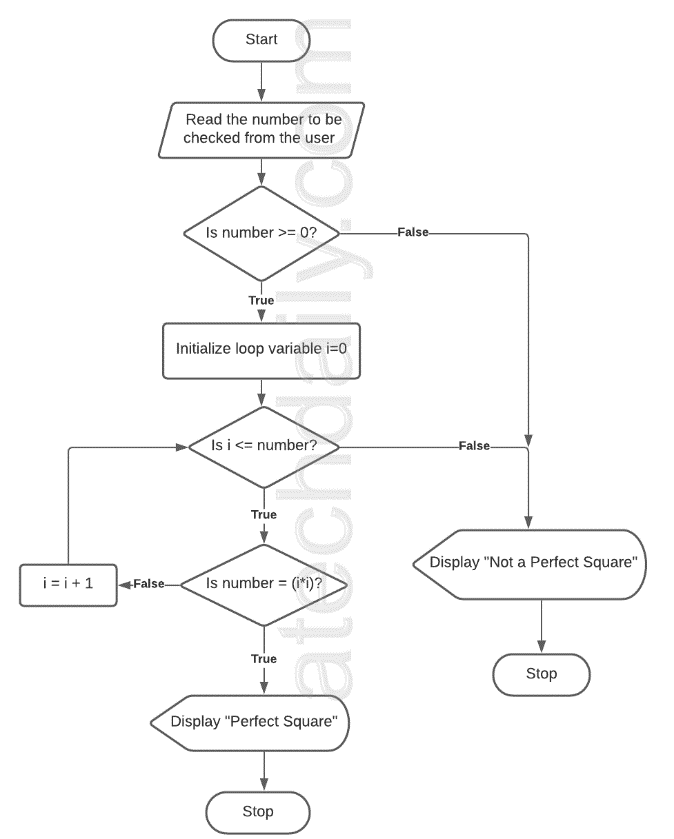
Output:



## Question #4

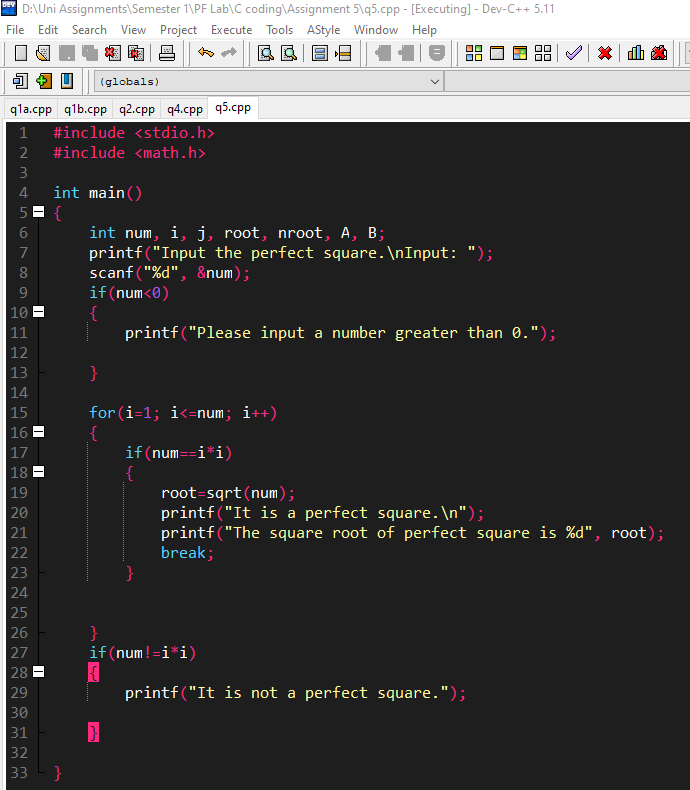
Anthony, who is a mathematician wants to calculate the square root of the perfect square numbers. For this purpose, he proposed a flowchart and he contacted the Programming Fundamentals to convert the flowchart into computer program. The flowchart proposed by Anthony is provided below, you need to write a neat and clean code to convert this into a code.

**Note: At this stage anyone who includes solution for perfect square may get a bonus point and appreciation.**

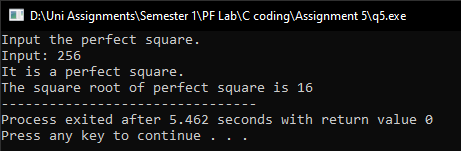


Answer 4:

Source Code:



***Output:***

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## Question #5

While teaching number theory in Discrete Structures to sophomores, Musawar Ali was explaining the concept of relatively prime numbers, Greatest common Divisors (Euclidian Algorithm to find GCDs) and least common multiples. The students got confused and asked Musawar to provide a C program for this.

In the task below you have to get two numbers as a input from the user, determine the greatest common divisor of the number and least common multiple of the number and determine whether the numbers are relatively prime or not.

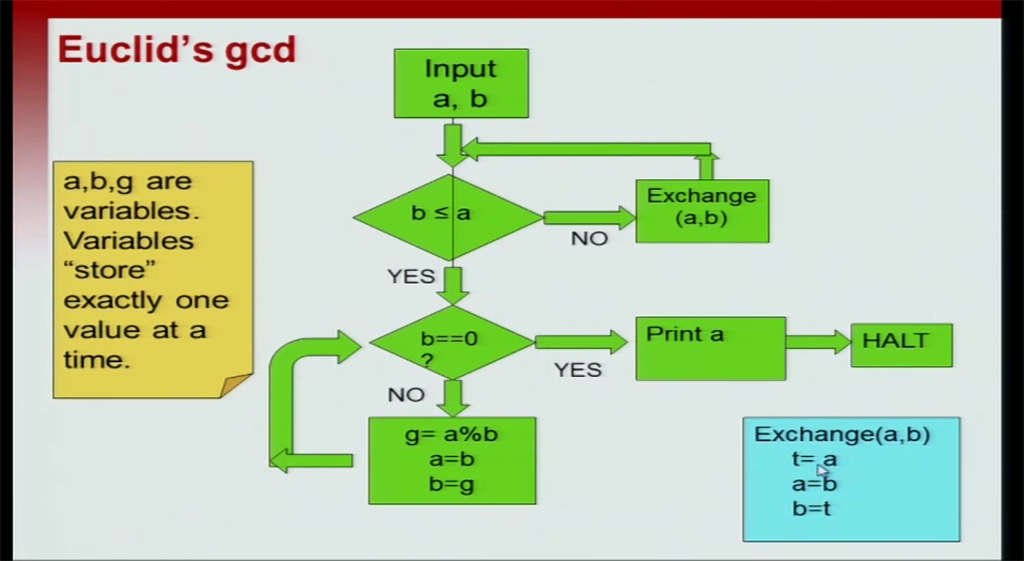
**Hint: You do while or while loop.**

**Note:**

Two number are relatively prime if and only if, there is Greatest Common Divisor is 1.

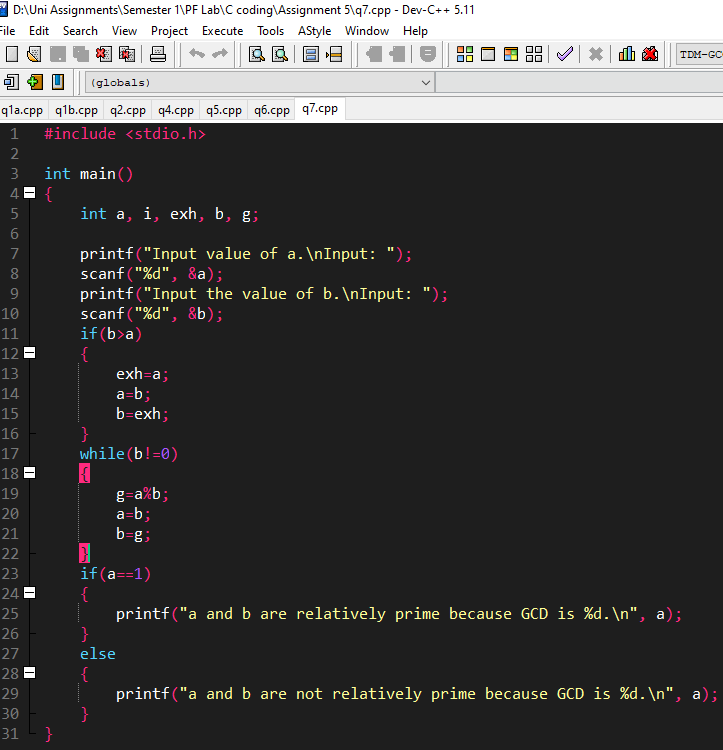
Multiplication of two numbers = gcd \* lcm of two numbers.

Pseudo code for the Euclidian algorithm to find greatest common divisor is mentioned below:

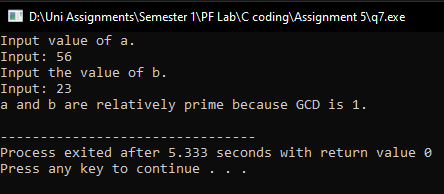


Answer 5:

***Source Code:***

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***Output:***



Question #6

Musawar Ali wants to conduct your quiz online and he wants to randomize the questions out of pool of 100 questions. He wants to randomly pick 10 questions from pool of 100 questions and show on your screen. For this purpose he wants to generate random numbers in the range of 100.One way to generate the random numbers is to use the following equation.­

**Note:**

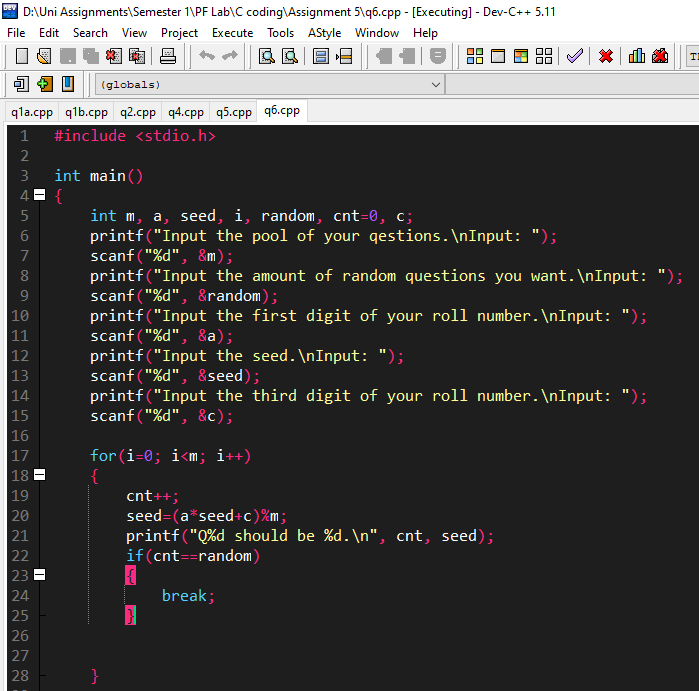
* Here m should be 101 because your range is 100.
* **‘a’** should be first digit of your roll number, if it is 21k9224, then **‘a’** would be 9.
* At the start take (usually called as seed) as second digit of your number, here would be 2.
* **‘c’** would be third digit of your roll number, here you can take c = 2
* For the next numbers would be previously generate random number.

**Samples:**

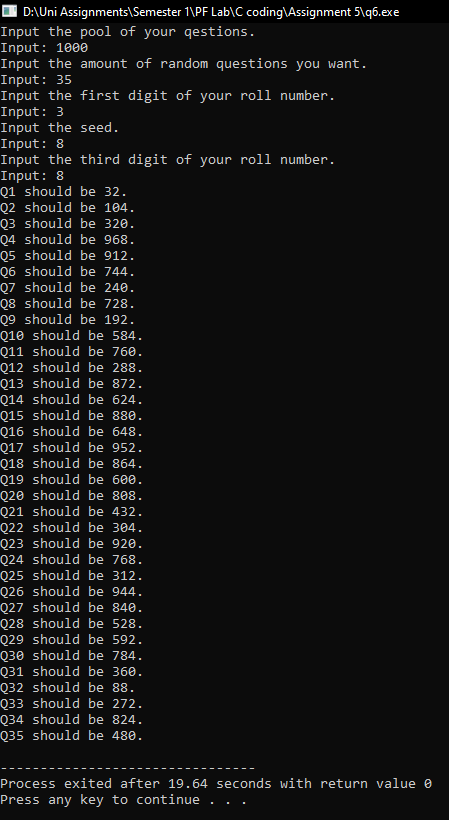
|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | 20  This would be for next one. |
|  |  | 81  This would be for next one. |
|  |  | 24  This would be for next one. |

**For your ease you may ask value of m (total pool of questions) by user every time and value of the number of questions. Here I need 10 random numbers, so I would print 10 random numbers also.**

Answer 6:

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***Output:***

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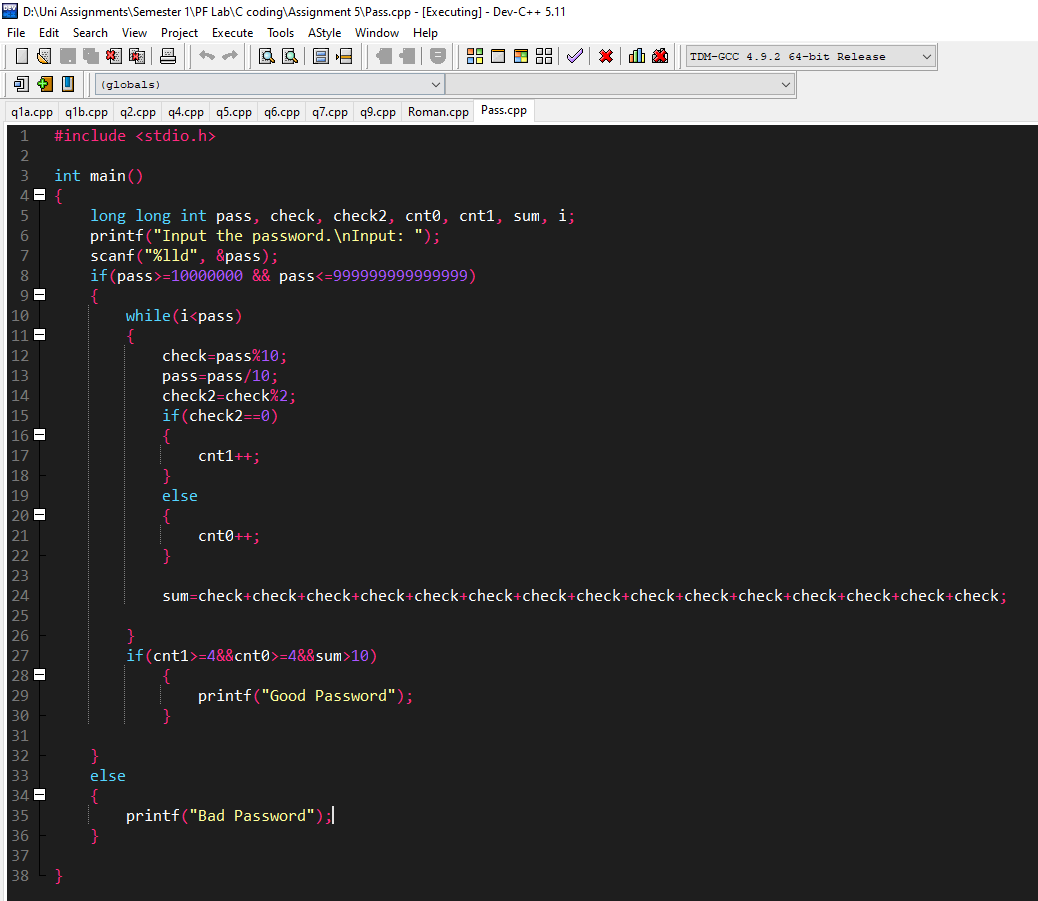
Question #7

Judy is trying to design a password verification system, in which there are several constraints which should be applied to verify if a password is valid or not, the constraints are mentioned below:

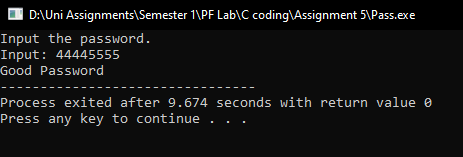
* This password should be numeric.
* The length of the password should be between 8 to 15.
* Password must have at least 4 odd numbers and 4 even numbers.
* The sum of the password digit must be greater than 10.

You need to write a C program for the above mentioned password verification system.

Answer 7:

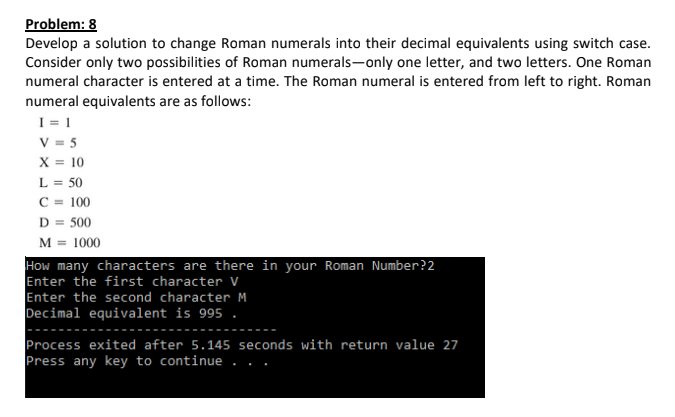
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***Ou***tput:



Question #8

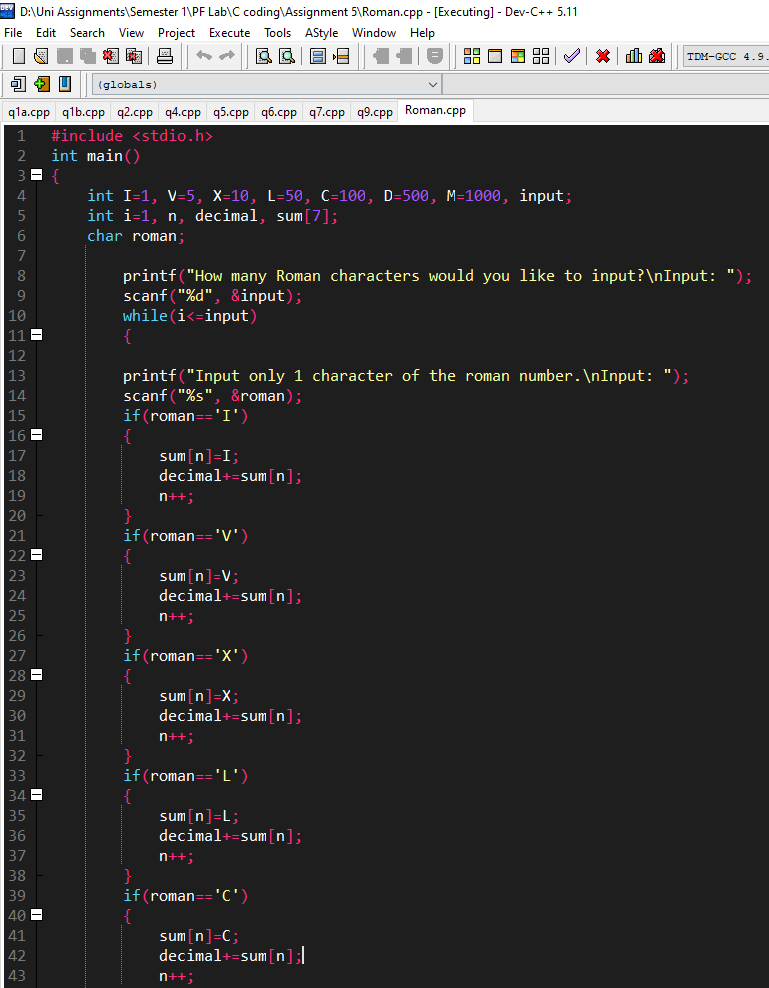
In Programming Fundamentals theory Assignment # 02 Questions # 8, Ms. Sobia Iftikhar asked you to develop a program to convert roman numerals into decimals. For your reference I am attaching the question here also.



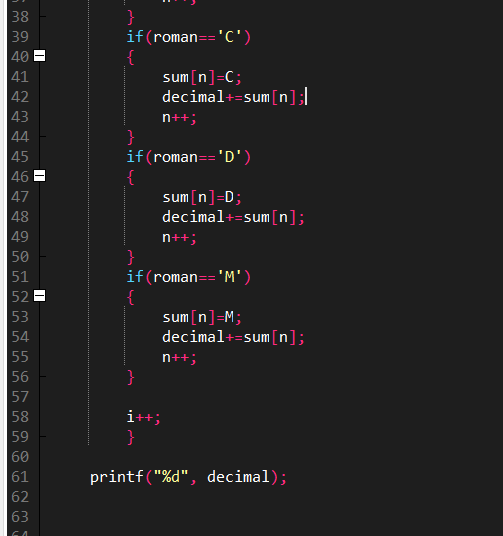
You need to change this task and use loops and the remove limit of the two roman digits, which can be any amount provided by the user. The program should scan the Roman numeral string from user and print the decimal equivalent.

Answer 8)

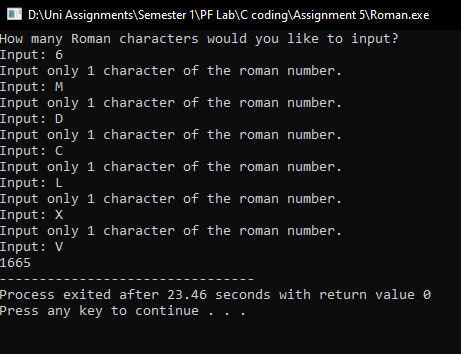
First Part of Code:

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Second Part of Code:

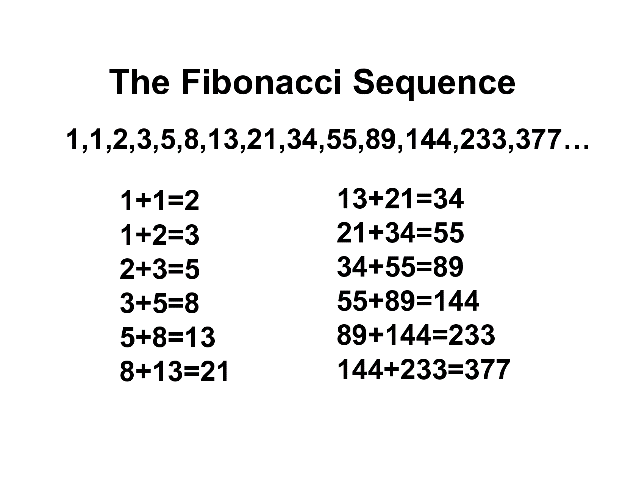
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***Output:***

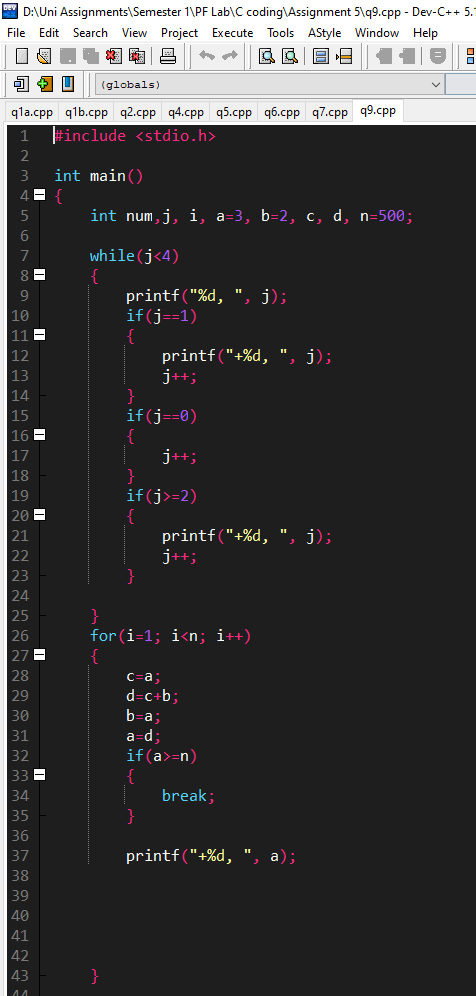
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Question #9

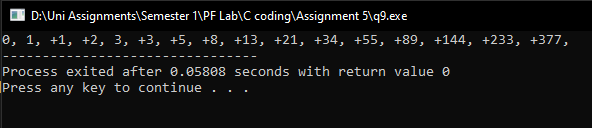
Generate the Fibonacci sequence numbers number till less than 500 and compute sum of all the numbers generated by the sequence.



Answer 9)

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Output:



*Document created and compiled by Muhammad Hussain Javed of class BCY-1B.*